

# Operator Interface

```
interface Operator<Chunk>{  
  
    void open();                                //initializes the operator  
  
    Chunk next();                               //returns the next chunk of data  
  
    void close();                               //performs cleanup work (if necessary)  
}
```

# Selection Operator

```
class Selection implements Operator<Row>{
    private Operator<Row> input;                                //internal handle to input Operator
    private Predicate<Row> sel;
    public Selection(Operator<Row> input, Predicate<Row> sel){ //constructor
        this.input = input; this.sel = sel;
    }
    public void open(){input.open();}                                //initializes the operator
    public Row next(){                                         //returns the next row of data
        For (Row tmp = input.next(); tmp != NULL; tmp = input.next()){
            If( sel.execute( tmp ) ){
                return tmp;
            }
        }
        return NULL;                                            //signal end of input
    }
    public void close(){input.close();}                            //performs cleanup work (if necessary)
}
```

# Loops in Operators?

```
class Enumerate implements Operator<Integer>{
    private int from, to;
    public Enumerate(int from, int to){                                //return [from;to], i.e. both including
        this.from = from; this.to = to;
    }
    public void open(){                                                 //initializes the operator

    }
    public Integer next(){                                            //returns the next row of data
        For (int current = from; current<=to; current++){
            return current;                                           //if still in range
        }                                                               //return and increment afterwards
    }
    public void close(){                                              //performs cleanup work (if necessary)
    }
}
```



wrong!

[42; 77]

42, 42, 42, 42, ...

# Save the State as an Attribute

```
class Enumerate implements Operator<Integer>{
    private int current, from, to;
    public Enumerate(int from, int to){                                //return [from;to], i.e. both including
        this.from = from; this.to = to;
    }
    public void open(){                                                 //initializes the operator
        current = from;                                                //initializes the state of the operator
    }
    public Integer next(){                                              //returns the next row of data
        If (current <= to){                                            //if still in range
            Integer nextToReturn = current;                            //this is what we return
            current++;                                                 //need to increment internal state
            return nextToReturn;                                         //return next element
        }
        Else return NULL;                                              //signal end of input
    }
    public void close(){                                               //performs cleanup work (if necessary)
    }
```

[42-77]