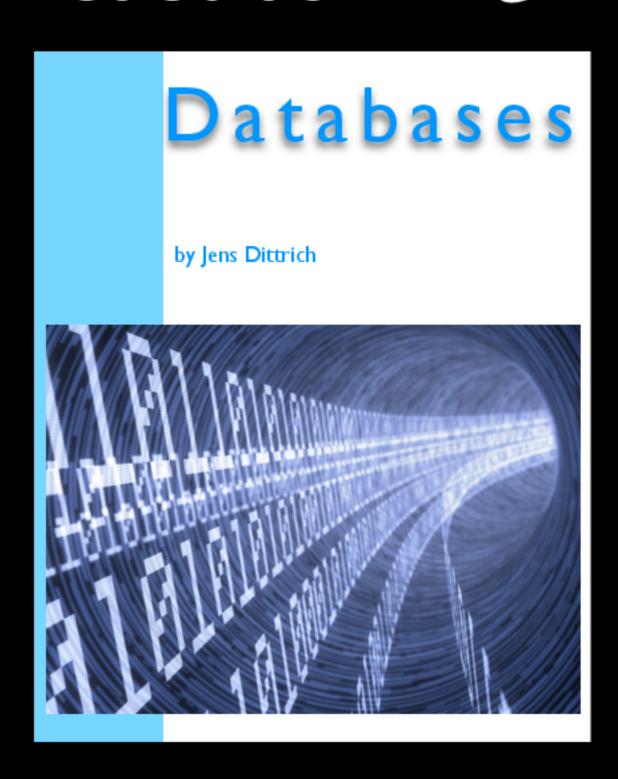
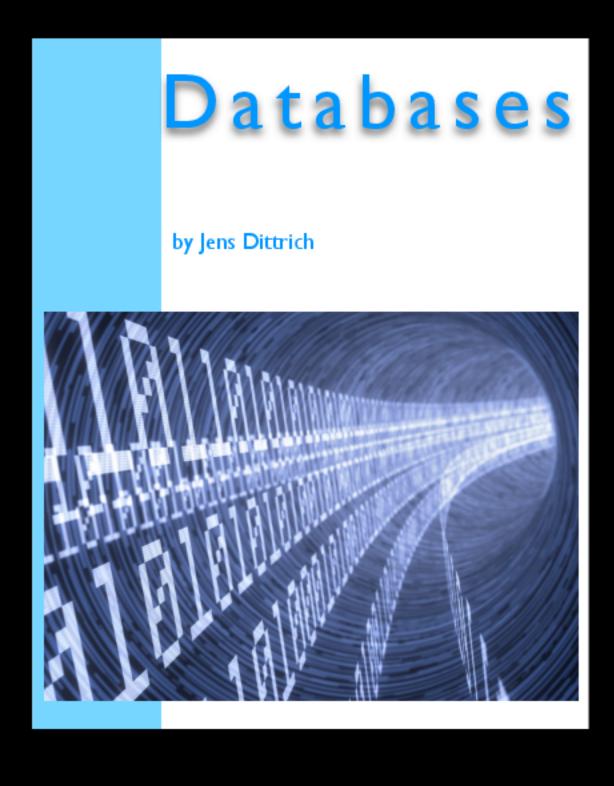


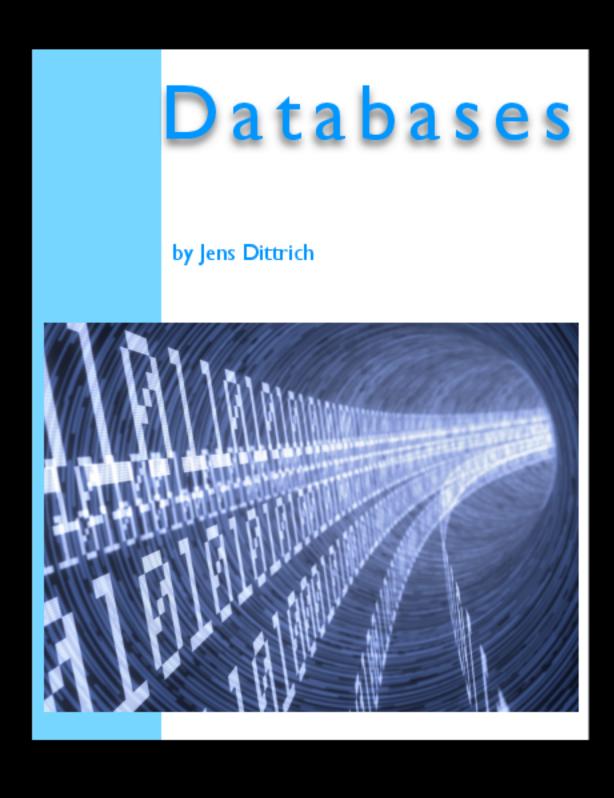
1st edition



#### 1st edition

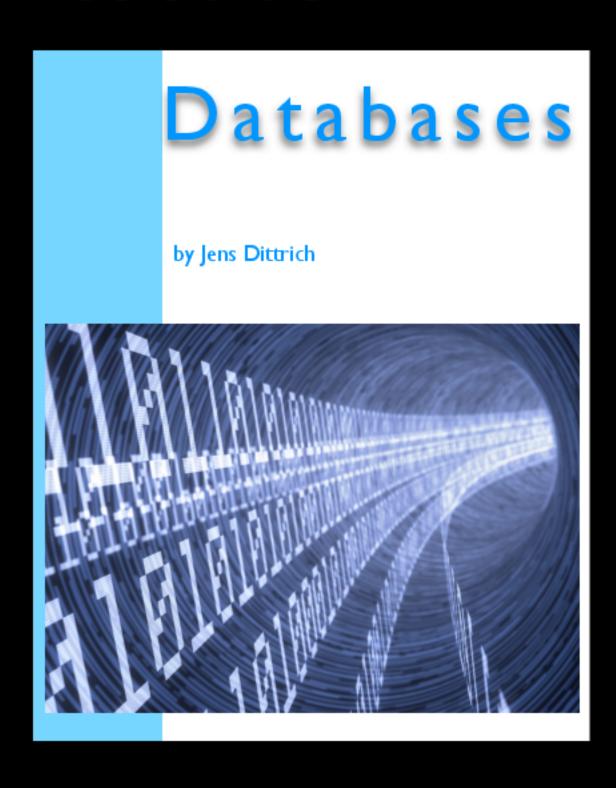


#### 1st edition



```
page 23:
"datbase" → "database"
```

#### 1st edition



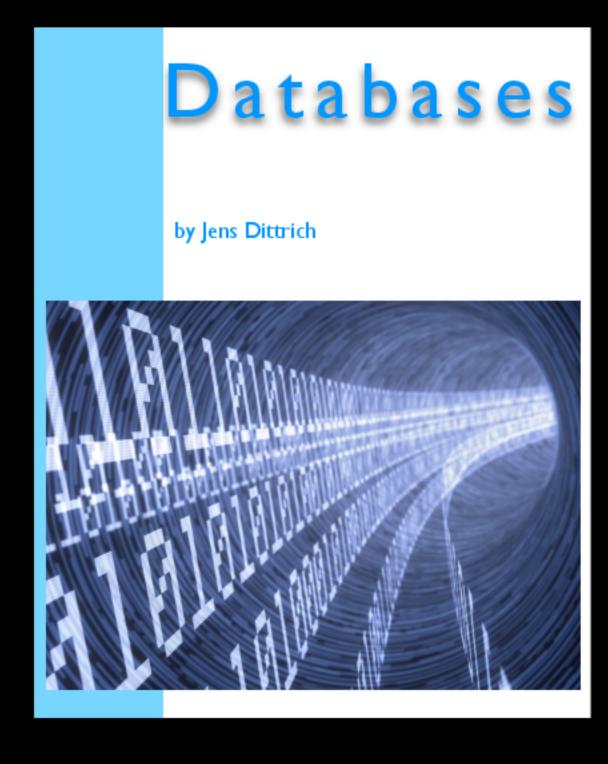
```
page 23:

"datbase" → "database"

page 345:

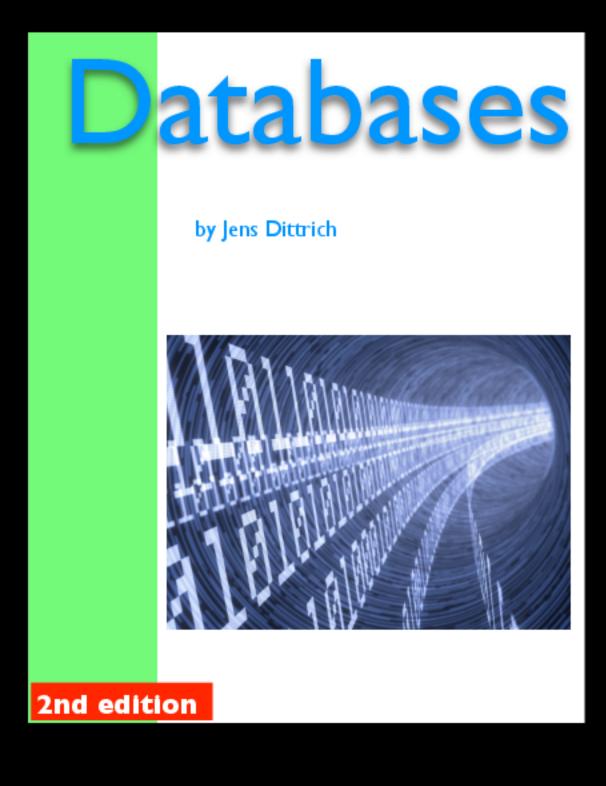
"idex" → "index"
```

#### 1st edition

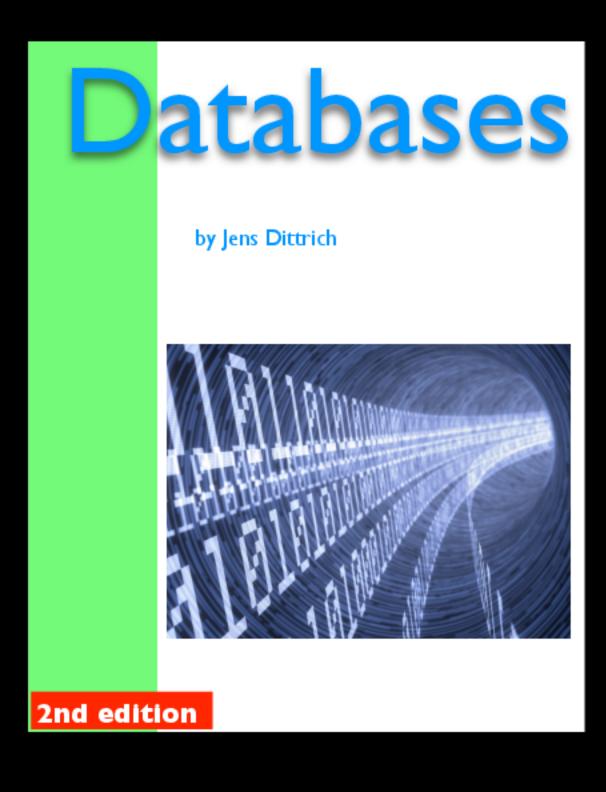




#### 2nd edition

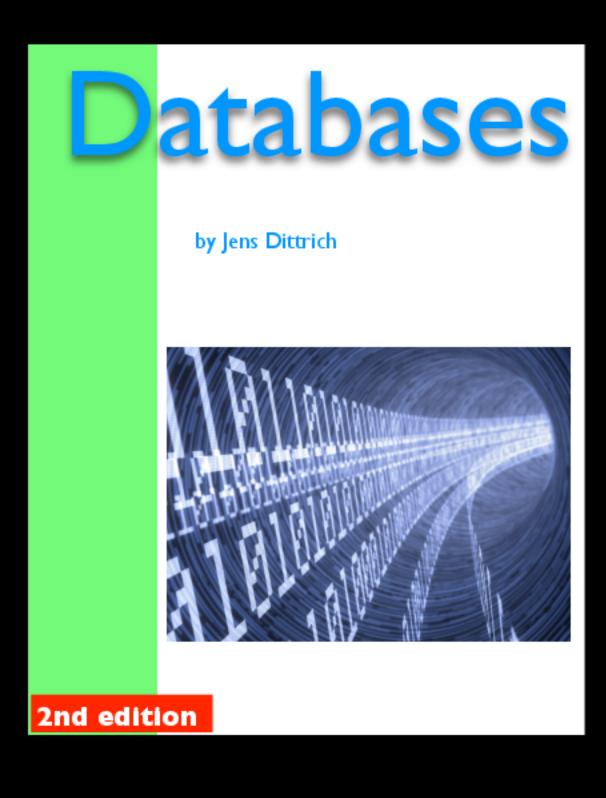


#### 2nd edition



```
page 75:
"kamera" → "camera"
```

#### 2nd edition



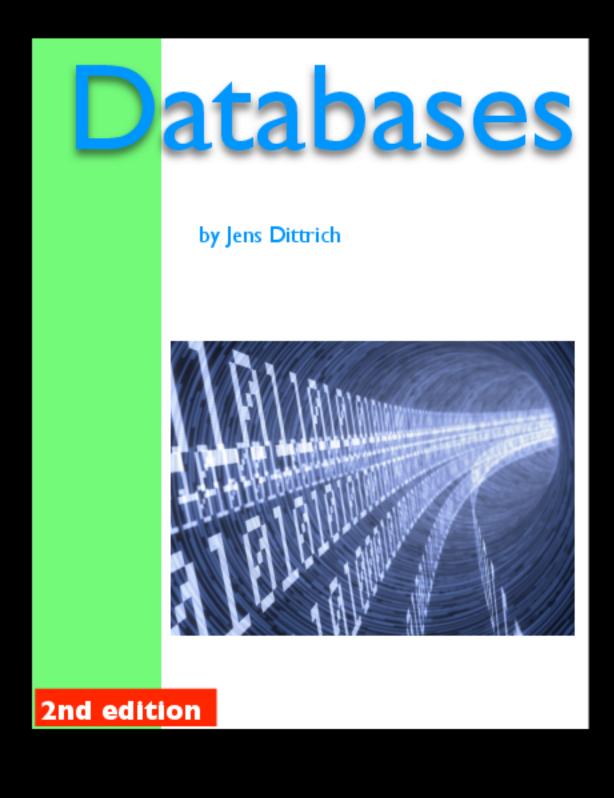
```
page 75:

"kamera" → "camera"

page 143:

"big date" → "big data"
```

#### 2nd edition



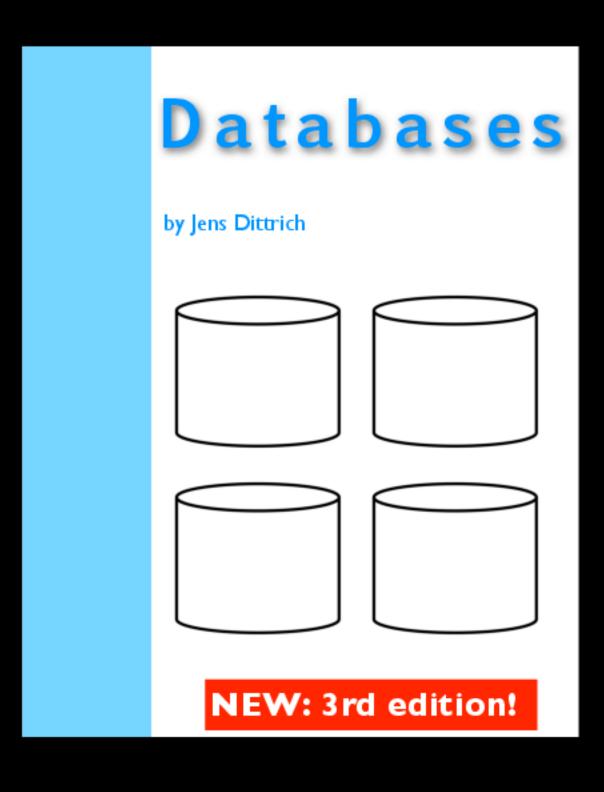
#### changes:



page 75: "kamera" → "camera" page 143: "big date" → "big data" new chapter on "tools"

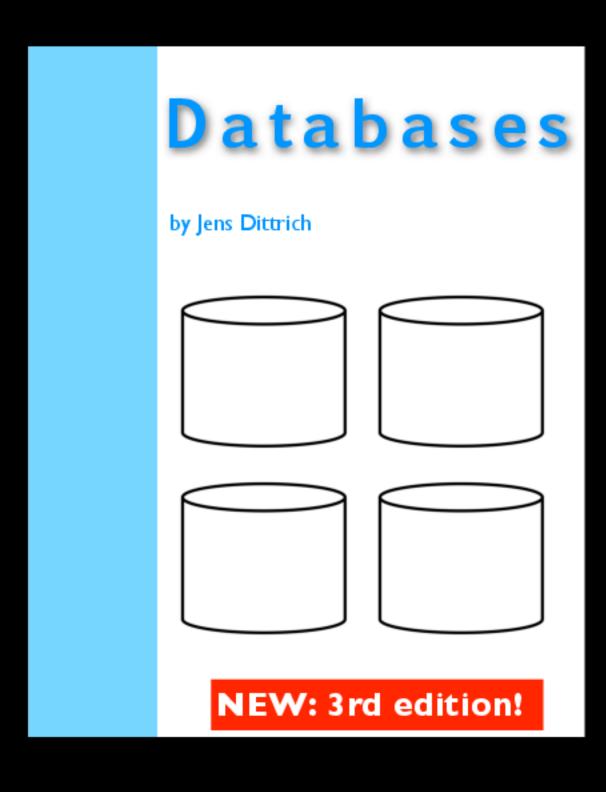
#### Create a 3rd Edition

#### 3rd edition



#### Create a 3rd Edition

#### 3rd edition



```
page 55:
"profi" → "profile"
```



current edition

changes:

Read-only File

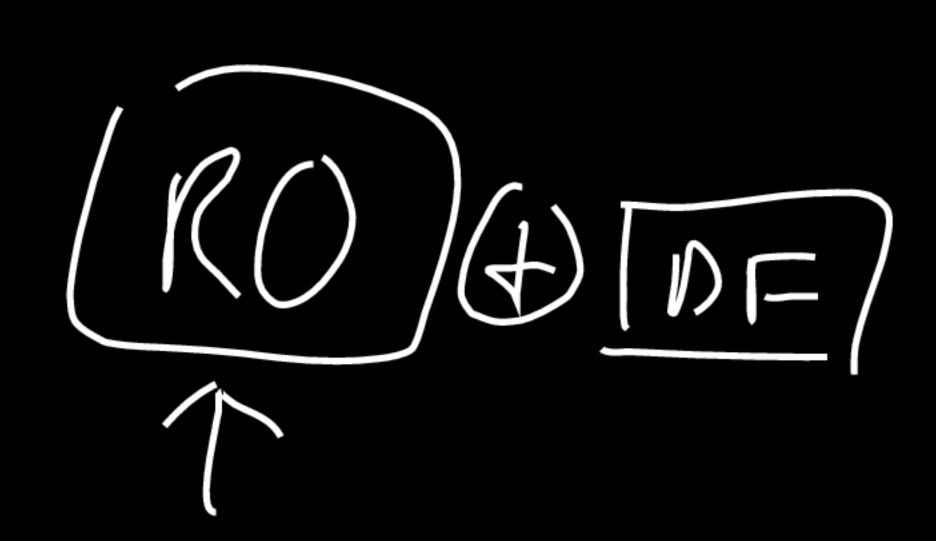
Read/Write DiffFile

#### Advantages

may be applied at almost any level, e.g. entire databases, files, indexes (disk or main memory), tables, blocks, pages, rows, ...

cheap writes (not necessarily sequential)

DiffFile corresponds to incremental backup



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DiffFile corresponds to incremental backup

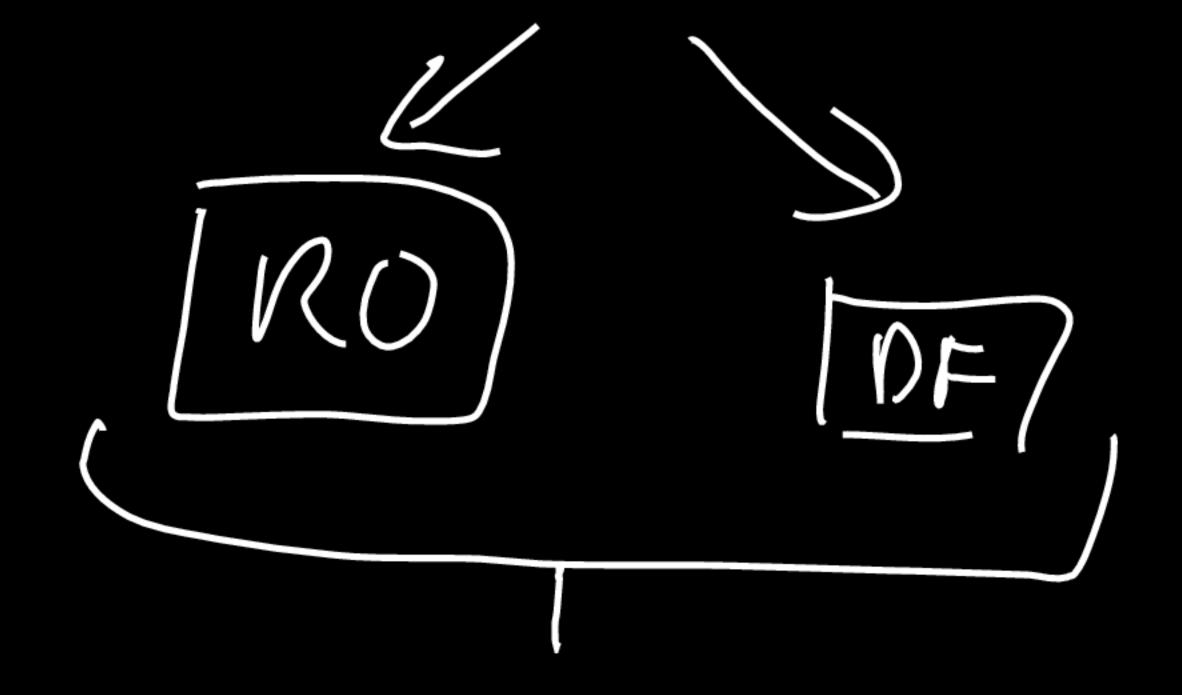
Read-only File corresponds to snapshot

merge -> defragment blocks on storage medium

easy to implement

## Drawbacks

expensive reads



#### Drawbacks

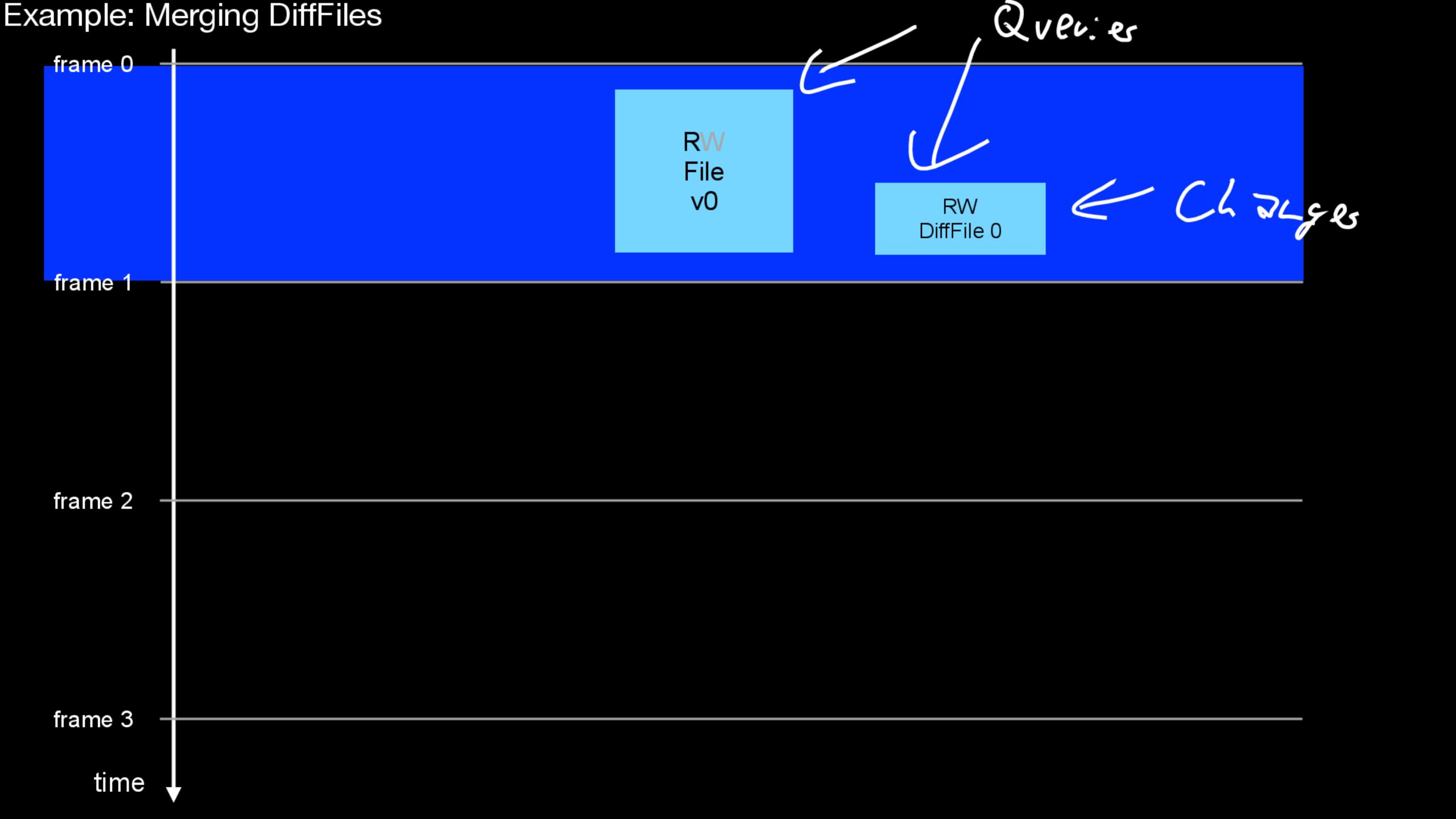
expensive reads

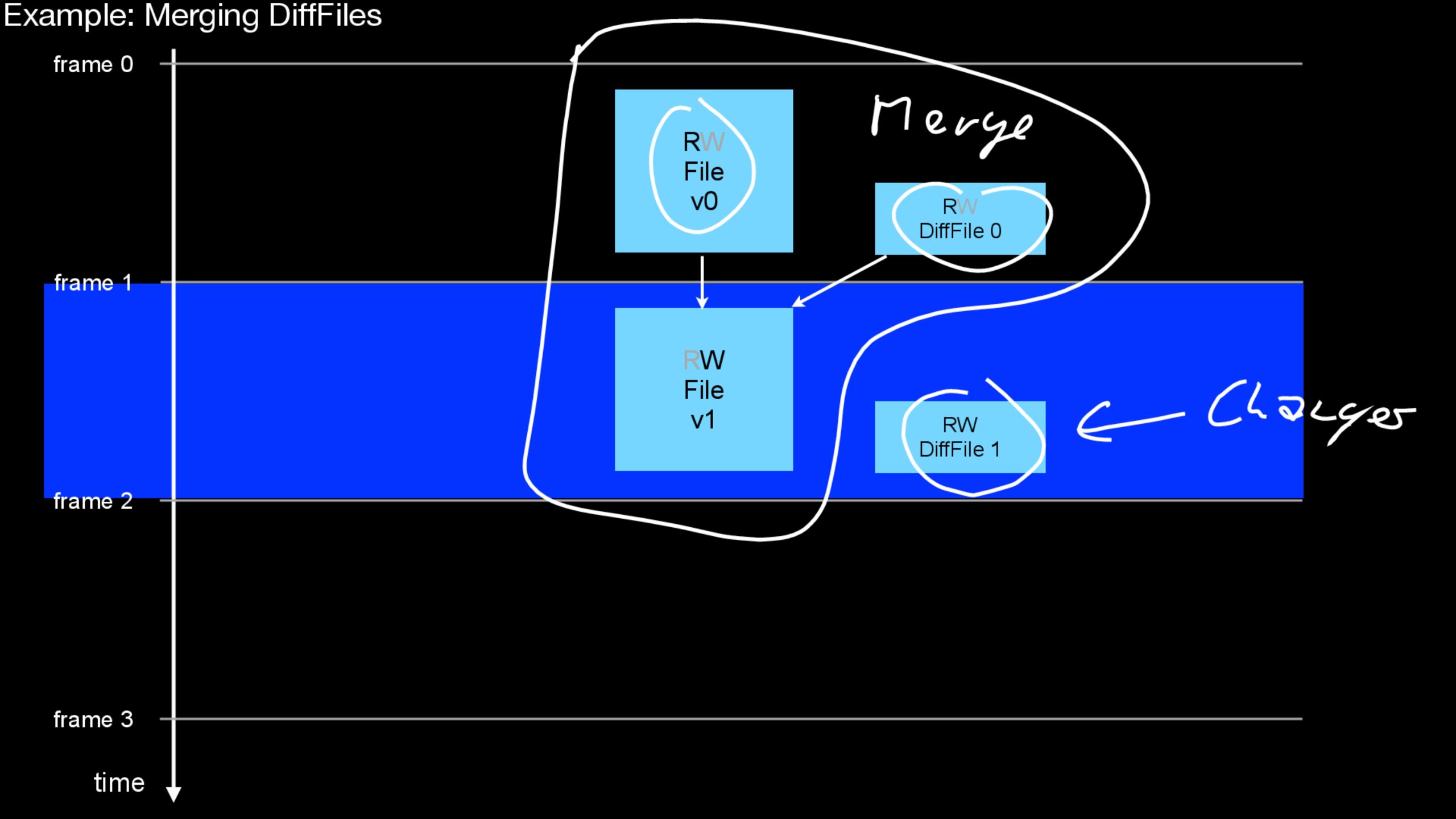
additional write costs: merge costs need to be amortized!

extra storage space



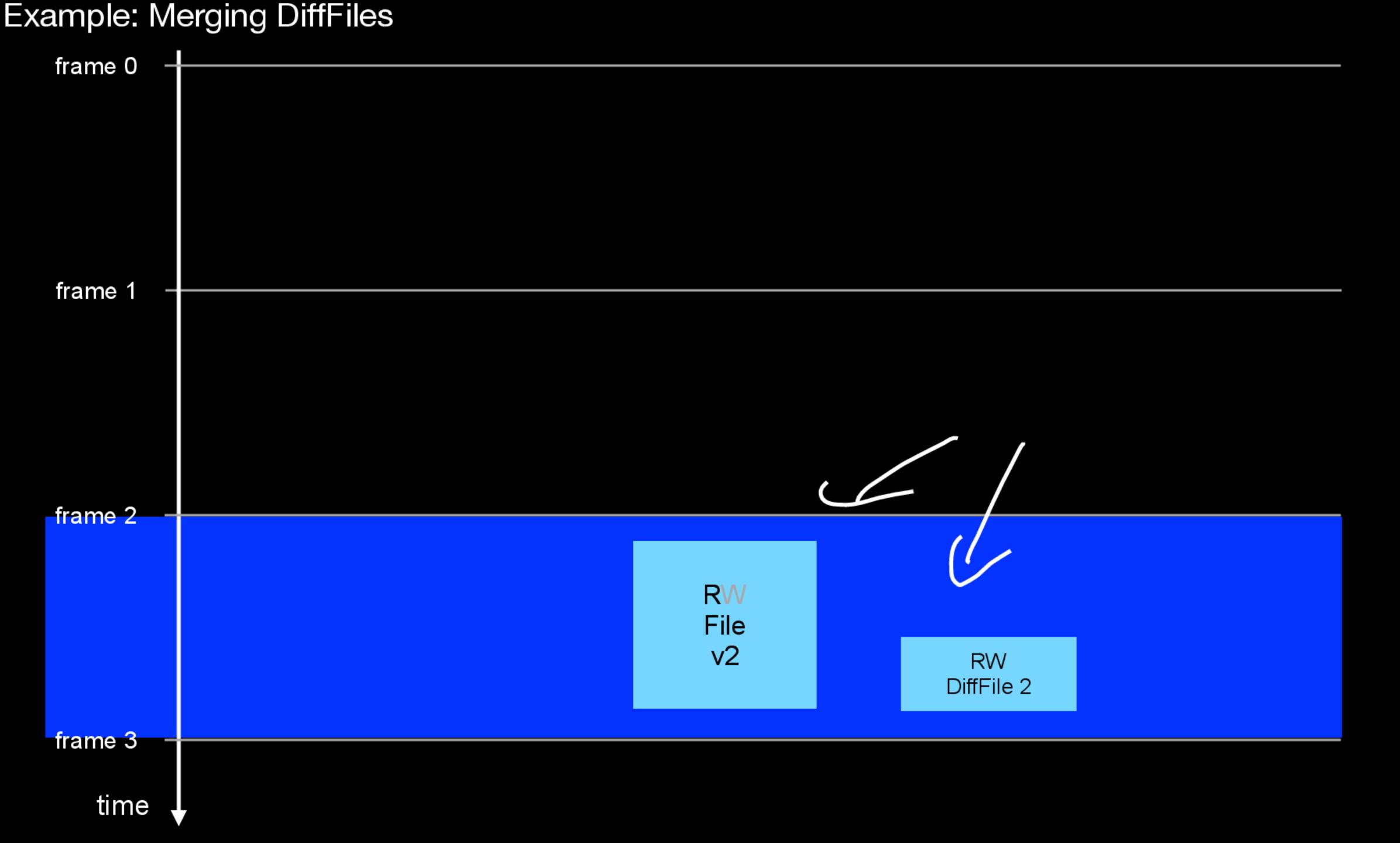
"truth" = Read-only File + DiffFile(s)





# Example: Merging DiffFiles frame 0 frame 1 RWFile v1 RW DiffFile 1 frame 2 frame 3 time

## Example: Merging DiffFiles frame 0 frame 1 Query RWFile **v**1 RWDiffFile 1 frame 2 **RW** File v2 RW DiffFile 2 frame 3 time



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